

The Socio-Economic Newspaper with Anything & Everything from Kenya

Issue 019 / NOV 2020

Complimentary Distribution - Free

Mission SAGAR - Food aid from India to South Sudan



AGAR is an acronym for "Security and Growth for All in the Region" and Indian Navy has demonstrated its outreach as first responder with assistance in Indian Ocean. Security and Growth for All in the Region (SAGAR) vision by the Government of India aims to deepen economic security cooperation maritime neighbours. and cooperation with Mission SAGAR aims for building maritime security

capabilities with the neighbours. It highlights the importance to relations with neighbouring countries strengthening the existing bond with India. Recently, on 20th November 2020, the Indian Naval Ship (INS) Airavat docked Mombasa bringing in food aid 70 Metric Tonnes meant to alleviate the human suffering of people of South Sudan.

The Indian Navy had already delivered the food - 155 MT of Wheat flour, 65 MT of Rice





and 50 MT of Sugar on the way to Mombasa for South Sudan to three other countries in the region, namely 1. Sudan, 2. Djibouti, and 3. Eritrea.

Registered at the G.P.O as a Newspaper

The Mission SAGAR signifies Indian Government's efforts to provide Humanitarian to provide Humanitarian Relief and Disaster Assistance to the friendly countries to overcome natural calamities and Covid-19 pandemic. The food aid from India reinforces the determination to prove as a dependable partner in the Indian Ocean region [IOR].

A small presentation ceremony was held to gift the food-aid to South Sudan Government's Ambassador Chol Mawud Mawud Unguec Ajongo, Ambassador in Kenya by Mr. Ashish Sinha, Deputy High Commissioner. The welcome speeches by the Commanding Officer, Captain M. Prasanna, Mr. Ashish Sinha, were followed by acceptance speech by Ambassador. He was presented with plaques of honour along-with other dignitaries, representatives of Kenya Port Authority, Mombasa County Administration and Police Commander. Mr. Dewani. Shyam Sunder Dewani, Assistant High Commissioner of India, Mombasa thanked Commanding Officer, INS, Airavat, praising the remarkable efforts of Navy personnel and for maintaining continuous vigilance in the Indian Ocean. The special invitees from Indian community of Mombasa and media persons gracing the occasion were proudly briefed about the capabilities of INS Airavat.



PRES. KENYATTA MEETS POPE FRANCIS AT START OF OFFICIAL VISIT TO VATICAN

(PSCU)

resident Uhuru Kenyatta kicked off his Official Visit to the State of the Vatican City today with a meeting with his host His Holiness Pope Francis at the Vatican Palace.

The Pope is the Bishop of Rome, the global Head of the Catholic Church and the sovereign of the independent Vatican City State.

Upon his arrival at the official Papal residence shortly after 10am Central European Time. President Kenvatta was accorded a full Apostolic Palace State reception including a guard of honour mounted by the Swiss Guards.

Pontifical Swiss Guards are an army of 135 highly trained marksmen drawn from Switzerland, and charged with the responsibility of protecting His Holiness the Pope and guarding the Apostolic Palace. The colourfully attired soldiers are devoted Roman Catholics who form the world's smallest army.

After the formal State reception ceremonies President Kenyatta proceeded for a private audience with Francis before leading Pope the lean Kenyan delegation that included Foreign Affairs Cabinet Secretary Raychelle Omamo for bilateral talks with their hosts led by Cardinal Bishop Pietro Parolin

Cardinal Bishop Parolin is the current Secretary of State of the Holy See and runs the Secretariat of State and Diplomatic Service of the Vatican City State.

The two delegations discussed several subjects of delegations mutual interest between Kenya and the Holy See among them education, health, regional peace and security as well as the fight against Covid-19. The Catholic Church is one of

Kenya's foremost development partners especially in the education and health sectors. In education, the Church runs 7,740 schools (31 percent of all schools in the country), 220 vocational manages institutions, five colleges and a



university

In healthcare, the Catholic Church is the largest non-state provider of health services in the country with close to 500 health facilities spread across the country.

The Kenyan delegation therefore sought the Catholic Church's enhanced participation in Kenya's education, training and health sectors in support of the Government's Big 4 Agenda especially the ongoing roll out of the Universal Health Coverage (UHC) program.

Also discussed was Kenya's role in regional peace and security especially in South security especially in South Sudan where His Holiness Pope Francis is personally involved. Kenya's stature as a guarantor of regional peace and stability is set to rise in coming months as the East African nation takes up its non-permanent seat on the

UN Security Council.

President Kenyatta, who is in Rome at the invitation of Pope Francis, is making history as the first Kenyan Head of State to visit the Vatican. Kenva established diplomatic ties with

the Holy See in 1965. Over the years, Kenya has hosted four Papal visits in 1980,1985, in 1995 by His Holiness the late John Paul II and most recently in November 2015 by the current Holy Father, His Holiness Pope Francis.

In an interview ahead of President Kenyatta's arrival in Rome, Kenya's envoy to the Vatican Prof Judi Wakhungu said President Kenyatta's rare audience with the Holy Father signifies the high regard in which Pope Francis holds the Kenyan leader.

"This visit is extremely rare. The reason that it is rare is that it is not usual for the Holy Father

to have an audience with just any Head of State. He values the role that our President is playing in very many aspects," the envoy said.

Prof Wakhungu, who also serves as Kenya's envoy to France, said Kenya is an attractive partner of the Holy See because of its impressive profile as a regional peacemaker and the country's growing influence as it prepares to occupy its seat on the UN Security Council.

'We expect our two Heads of State, in other words, the Holy Father and His Excellency President Uhuru Kenyatta, to discuss, compare notes and strategies on Kenya's important role in the UN Security Council," Prof Wakhungu said. Amb Wakhungu said

President Kenyatta and the Pope would discuss Kenya's response to Covid-19 especially the role that the Vatican is playing in assisting Kenya respond to the pandemic through its extensive network of health facilities in the country.

Alongside Covid-19 containment measures, the envoy said President Kenyatta and Pope Francis would discuss post-Covid-19 economic recovery strategies as well as the deepening of the Catholic Church's investment in Kenva's education and training sector.

As part of his historic visit to the Vatican, President Kenyatta, who is a practising Roman Catholic, was taken on an extensive guided tour of the Holy City including the historyrich Papal Basilica of St Peter.

On the margins of the Vatican visit. President Kenvatta, who arrived in Italy on Thursday evening aboard a Kenya Airways aircraft, is scheduled to pay a courtesy call on his Italian counterpart Sergio Materrela on Saturday.

During President Kenyatta's visit to Quirinal Palace in Rome, the two Heads of State are expected to discuss subjects of mutual interest between Kenya and Italy among them trade and investment, Kenya's UN Security Council membership and the fight against Covid-19.



Israel Embassy partners with

Israel Deputy Ambassador to Kenya Eyal David (2nd left), Ahadi Kenya Trust CEO Stanley Kamau (right) and Mofarm Fresh Fruits Exporters Limited Director Elijah Kamau Njoroge (left) present 120,000 vegetable seedling to farmers at Ngutu primary school in Mathioya Constituency Muranga County during the launch of high breed vegetable farming on Tuesday 3rd March by Ahadi Kenya in partnership with the Embassy. The project will benefit mitigate the effects of Covid 19 as well as create more income



Israel Deputy Ambassador to Kenya Eyal David (2nd right), Ahadi Kenva Trust CEO Stanley Kamau (right) and Mofarm Fresh Fruits Exporters Limited Director Elijah Kamau Njoroge (left) and local ward admnistor James Kifeti join Makuti dancers at Ngutu primary school in Mathioya Constituency Muranga County during the launch of high breed vegetable farming by Ahadi Kenya in partnership with the Embassy on November 3rd. The project will benefit and mitigate the effects of Covid 19 as well as create more income

Donations from MWA



An initiative to mitigate hunger.. HRSC Donation work continues

ope has helped the world come thus far. Hope is what we need now in the trying time of COVID-19, commonly called the coronavirus.

This situation is unprecedented as the world has come to a sudden halt, a pause. HRSC's Ongoing food distribution to elevate hunger in this Covid-19 pandemic in Nunguni, Makueini County.

From 28th September to 2nd October 2020, 500 Families were given 14 kilos food rations of maize & beans. In Nunguni area so far 900 families have received the food from HRSC on going



food distribution activity. Each year about 1.3 billion

tons of food are wasted and at the same time about 800 million

people do not have access to sufficient and nutritious food. This figure represents roughly one third of food produced for human consumption

Poor urban families usually hand-to-mouth live and rely on informal day-to-day employment. They have no food reserves so after months of containment measures, including lockdowns in some areas, their ability to cope is being stretched to the limit. They need all our help now and Since the beginning of the Covid-19. HRSC has been in the forefront helping the needy families of Kenya.

Mombasa Women's Association donated fees for 20 socio-economic students.Donated 800,000/eight hundred thousand to MTTI Mariakani . For these students to do different technical courses.. Mrs Siprosa Rabach, Head Safal MRM Foundation recently visited MWA .she thanked Chairlady & committee members of MWA for generous contribution and helping students to change their lives for the better. Here see from right-MRM Mrs Siprosa Rabach then MWA Mrs Gurmeet Kaur, Mrs Sadhna Doshi, Mrs Usha

Patel, Chairlady Mrs Harminder Kandhari, & Mrs Illa Shah. During Covid-19 MWA donated to most valuerable children 50kg each Rice, Beans, Sugar. Cooking oil, tea leaves, biscuits, Sunlight soaps and 50 facemasks to AlRehan orphanage through IPA, This orphanage has 40 children and situated Musadinge, Mombasa county. These children were in real need of food. God be with them. MWA donated500 facemasks through Rishi Arun Parikh of PCAK These organizations doing very noble work helping us to reach to most vulnerable people. Stay Alert, Stay Safe

PHOTO STORY

AHADI KENYA TRUST-POLICE PARTNERSHIP



Deputy Inspector General Edward Mbugua (right), Maragua MP Mary Wamaua (centre) and Ahadi Kenya Trust CEO Stanley Kamau present assorted foodstuff people living with disabilities during the launch of a clean-up exercise of all police stations in Muranga County at Maragua police station. Ahadi Kenya donated 20 tanks for hand washing stations and sanitizers to the police stations and assorted foodstuffs to over 200 persons living with disabled in the county who turned up to participate in the initiative.







PRESS FOR HCK ACTION PLAN AGAINST COVID 19

Hindu Council of Kenya along with its Member Institutions celebrated Diwali, the festival of lights by lightening up lives of fellow citizens and making donations of food packets, sanitizing material, masks and other items. The mega Diwali welfare was graced by H.E. Dr. Virander Paul, the Indian High Commissioner of Kenya.

Mr. Kamal Gupta, National Chairman of Hindu Council of Kenya while welcoming the Chief Guest H.E. Virander Paul said that this year's Diwali had a special meaning for all the community members.

It was special because it brings a hope of light to the people in the challenging times of the pandemic and also because the community members had decided to bring light to the lives of the people through a Mega Welfare Event.

Mr. Kamal Gupta further added that Hindu Council of Kenya was through the period of the Pandemic was involved on a weekly basis undertaking relief activities to assist the needy who were the most impacted of the Pandemic.

HCK and its branches had worked throughout the country assisting the authorities as well as the citizens in every possible manner. HCK and its Member Institutions and branches the last 8 months had reached out to over 150 Institutions and over 500,000 people.

The Diwali Mega event also was a major effort in this direction reaching out to additional 25 Institutions and had the participation of over 20 donors and 25 Member Institutions. "I thank all those who have participated in this



Mega Event and helped us to reach out in a unique way in this Diwali" Chairman Kamal Gupta added.

The Indian High Commissioner H.E. Dr. Virander Paul addressing at the Mega Event said that he had heard of the excellent work being done by the HCK during the pandemic period and today he was able to witness the same.

The High Commissioner Dr. Virander Paul further added that he was proud of the work the Hindu Community was doing and prayed that the community continues its good work and efforts to build up the great country Kenya.

E.A. FM supported this HCK initiative. They adopted the 'Go beyond yourself' campaign for Diwali to promote giving to the less fortunate during these tough times.

The Donors present are Dr.

Darshan Chandaria - Chandaria Industries Ltd. Mr. Rakesh Rao Crown Paints Kenya Ltd ,Mr. Gowrishankar Sarbtswaran, Mr. Ratilal Shah - Central Auto Hardware, Mrs. Monika Gupta -Musk Kenya Ltd, Mr. Pravin Bajaj - Mohans Oysterbay Drinks (K) Ltd., Dr. Rasik Kantaria, Mr. Braham Datt Seedhar & Family, Mr. Ashvani Kalpushu - Medisel Kenya Ltd, Mr. Rohtas Tulyani -Tirupati Kenya Ltd -LLumar , Mr. Venkat - Bhardwaj Welfare Trust, Mr. Abhishek Rana - Food Empire , Mr. Vijay Srivastava - G. A. Insurance, Mr. R. D. Gudhka - Debenham & Fear Ltd., Pallav Society and Complete Solutions Insurance Brokers Ltd.

The major beneficiaries at the Mega Welfare Event being celebrated on the occasion were Morning Star Children Home, Delightsome Community Initiative , Living Bread Community Based Organization, Kibera Muungano Widows Group, Fariji Solutions , African Church of the Holy Spirit ,St. Anne's Rehabilitation Centre, The Ngao Foundation ,Young People Welfare Association, Restoring Dignity Korogocho, Vijana Na Kazi ,Imani Children's Home, Kariobangi Deaf Self Help Group, Kangemi Disabled Group, Mji Wa Wazee, New Life Trust Children Hope House Babies, Compassionate Children Home, Christ Chapel Children Home and Wings of Compassion Organization.

The Member Institutions who blessed the Mega Diwali Welfare Event were Jain Social Group Sri Ayyappa Seva Samaj, Shree Kutch Satsang Swaminarayan Temple, Patel Brotherhood, Shree Kenya Brahma Sabha, Shree Ram Mandir, Kenya Bengalee Cutural & Welfare Society, Hindu Swayamsevak Sangh, Hindu Religious Service Centre, Hindi Samiti of E.A., Shree Vanik Vaishnav Mahajan, Arva Pratinidhi Sabha E.A. Relief & Welfare, Shree Gurjar Sutar Vishvakarma Mandir, Oshwal Education & Relief Board, Bhagwan Foundation Dada ,Shree Swaminarayan Trust Siddhant Sajivan Mandal, Shree Mombasa Mochi Gnati Mandal ,Maharashtra Mandal, Shree Navnat Vanik Mahajan, Shree Hunaman Temple, Rajasthan Association of Kenya , BAPS Shree Swaminarayan Mandir and East Africa Namdhari

Sangat. The Event ended with Shant Path praying for peace to return to everyone and the challenging times of Covid 19 Pandemic coming to an end and the world getting back to life as normal.

Food and masks distribution at Ngala primary

oday, On November 5th 2020, I, on behalf of Lions Club of Menengai, visited Ngala primary school(a school accommodating deaf children and children who can't

accommodating deaf children and children who can't speak). We donated Sanitary material and Biscuits - donated by Giant group of Nairobi Twiga, some textbooks - donated by Desai Memorial, and Masks, Flour, Oil, Juice, Blankets and Undergarments - donated my LCM. We were able to spend quality time with them. Additionally, through their teacher we were able to give them awareness about the Corona Virus and the girls menstrual cycle and how to take care of themselves. They thanked us in sign language and once again LCM brough smiles to a new set of people.



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- ROYAL CROWN DENTAL CARE

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NEWS

PRESS FOR HCK ACTION PLAN AGAINST CORONA VIRUS 19

Hindu Council of Kenya continued with its Action plan for Covid-19 and in continuation with weekly Relief and Welfare programs continued to distribute food hampers & Masks.

It is a privilege together with the Arya Samaj, Nairobi to present food donation to Public Service Governance – Ambassador Esther Waringi for the elderly and orphaned homes. We generously donated a wheelchair, blankets, face masks, sanitizers, 100 food packs and 200 milk boxes on Sunday 11th October 2020.

The Chairman of HCK and members performed prayers as it was declared prayer weekend for all religious groups. HCK Appreciated with Certificate of Appreciations to Arya Samaj Institutions, Arya Pratinidhi Sabha received by Mr. Swaran Varma, Arya Samaj received by Dr. Bansal, Arya Stri Samaj received by Mrs. Rekha Kochhar



and Aryan Club received by Mr. Monga. Mr. Kamal Gupta,

National Chairman on behalf of HCK team commended the good work being done by Arya Samaj, Nairobi.



Food distribution at lake Nakuru

In a partnership between Rotary Club of Nakuru and Gilani's Supermarket ,we delivered 176 food hampers to 151 victims of the swollen lake Nakuru and an additional 25 elderlies and persons with Disability in an effort to cussion them while they are suffering a double tragedy of being displaced from their homes and also the effects of Covid 19 which has hit the entire world especially the low income earners from rural areas and slums.



JAYS PYROTECHNICS PHOTO EVENT AT FORT JESUS





CS, Amb. Dr. Amina Mohamed during the launch.





AMREF FLYING DOCTORS EVACUATES MANDERA BUS ATTACK VICTIM

MREF Flying Doctors, g Air service the leading Ambulance provider in Africa, has today evacuated one of the survivors of the Tuesday morning bus attack by suspected Al Shabaab militia between Elwak and Kotulo area in Mandera County.

The patient, Hussein Abdiweli, 18-year-old Form-Four male student (who was travelling to go prepare for exams) sustained serious injuries and has a bullet lodged in his head and requires urgent neurosurgery in Nairobi. He has been admitted at the Nairobi South Hospital after well-wishers intervened and raised money to pay for his hospitalization.

Abdiweli was initially admitted at the Elwak Hospital



injured passengers and later transferred to the Mandera

alongside other 5 critically

AMREF Flying Doctors medics transfer 18-year-old Hussein Abdiweli,18, to an ambulance at Wilson Aircraft shortly after evacuating to Nairobi for neurosurgery to remove a bullet lodged in his head. The form 4 student who sustained serious head injuries during the **Tuesday suspected Al Shabaab** militant attack on the bus he was travelling in between Elwak and Kotulo area in Madera County to go an prepare for his exams.

County Hospital. Unable to cope with the specialised medical attention required by the patient, the Mandera District Hospital – through the Mandera County Government - requested AMREF Flying Doctors to assist with the evacuation of the patient to the Kenyatta National Referral Hospital for the

necessary specialised treatment. AMREF Flying Doctors regularly carries out charity evacuation missions targeting patients in serious medical conditions but who are not able to afford the cost of crucial air transfer to Nairobi for specialised medical attention.

AMREF Flying Doctors invested approximately US\$ 120,000 in evacuation of patients, from all over Kenya, with different medical emergency conditions including, Road Traffic Accidents, Pregnancy and Birth complications, Intertribal wars, etc. These charity evacuation services includes regular missions undertaken on behalf of the Government of Kenya through The Kenya Operation National Disaster (NDOC). Centre Today evacuation has been done at a cost of US\$.10,160.00.

PHOTO STORY

Corporate environmental conservation



National Standards Council and Kenya Bureau of Standards (KEBS) Chairperson Eng. Bernard Ngore (left) waters a tree seedling at Hombe Forest within Mount Kenya in Nveri County flanked by Kenya Forest Services (KFS) Head of Conservation, Central Region Samuel Ihure (right). The Kenya Bureau of Standards has adopted Hombe Forest as part of its corporate environmental conservation, social investment and responsibility initiatives.



The National Standards Council (NSC) Secretary Lt. Col. (Rtd) Bernard Njiraini (left) shares a word with the Council chairperson Eng Bernard Ngore (centre) and the Taskforce on Standards and Quality Infrastructure **Reforms in Kenya Chairperson Wachira** Maina (right) at the Kenya Bureau of Standards Head offices. The Kenya Bureau of Standards (KEBS) has recommended the retention of the current enforcement based national quality management structures for the next fifteen years to facilitate capacity building of voluntary options.



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History of Mombasa

Indigenous Africans, Arab, Persian, Asian, and Indian influence

By Stambuli wa Sh. Abdillahi Nassir.

ost historians of repute agree there is no doubt that there was a very ancient and very advanced civilization in the North East corner of Africa, dating from about 1000 B.C., and perhaps even much farther back.

They also agree on the fact that there was an old empire embracing both sides of the Red Sea and Gulf of Aden, the Hamyaritic empire, in which there was free intercourse between Abyssinia and South Arabia.

Another aspect of their agreement is the aspect that this was followed by the Axumite dynasty in Abyssinia, the capital of which was the city of Axum whose ruins still exist in Northern Abyssinia.

They reckon civilization advanced from ancient Egypt, South and South East, and gradually spread amongst the other black peoples in the interior.

After this period of civilization, there was a decadence, and Abyssinia became receptive to Muslims' migration from the outside world.

Subsequently, the old civilizations of South Arabia, Egypt and Persia were able to push out trading routes in all directions and gradually spread down the east coast of Africa as far as Sofala.

They also emphasize on the fact that not only was trade an inducement to found settlements and towns on the coast but also the intrigues and internal strife, which always accompanied Oriental aggrandizement induced many of the chiefs and great men defeated and put out of power by changes of government to seek refuge with their followers in distant towns on the coast where they are said to have founded new kingdoms.

As this thin line of civilization was unable to cope with the hordes of peoples from outside, the settlements consisted of fortified towns on the seashore, or, where possible, islands just off the mainland where the inhabitants were free from attack. Such places are the islands of Pate, Manda, Lamu, Mombasa, Pemba, Zanzibar, Kilwa and Mozambique, peculiarly suited to the requirements of the ancient colonists whose weapons gave them little, if any, superiority over the original inhabitant.

Abdul Sheriff, in his summary to his renowned book 'The Swahili in the African and Indian Ocean Worlds to c. 1500' writes, "the East African coast is an interface between the continental world of Africa and the maritime world of the Indian Ocean, and the monsoons provided a convenient wind system to link them. It was inhabited by a littoral society that was best placed to play a leading role in economic, social, and cultural interaction, including intermarriage, between the two worlds. Its written history goes back at least to the beginning of the Contemporary Era, and it can be termed Swahili from the beginning of the second millennium when this branch of the Bantu languages spread down the coast to give it linguistic unity. Its speakers were organized in towns, and villages, from southern Somalia to northern Mozambique, which developed into city-states when there were major upturns in

international trade and were integrated in the wider Indian Ocean world. The citizens spoke an "elegant" language that was further embellished through its interactions with Arabic and other Indian Ocean languages and literature. Islam spread with that trade, and mosques became a prominent part of the archaeological remains along the Swahili coast. In the process the Swahili became thoroughly cosmopolitan. Any attempt to cosmopolitan. Any attempt to disentangle the different strands, "oriental" or "African"—which are two sides of the dense cultural fabric of the littoral people—is bound to be futile. They are two sides of the Swahili coin. This civilization was partially disrupted by the entry of the Portuguese in the 16th century when they tried to divert the spice trade to their channel around the Cape of Good Hope, but it revived during the 18th and 19th centuries.'

However, when it comes to any mention about the date of origin of these settlements, there is no definite information, and the ancient geographers gave this part of the world but scant attention. The earliest mention of these trading routes and settlements are brief notices implying that the towns on the coast were already well known and had long been extant.

Fortunately, we find reliable information about the earliest definite hint of trade routes down the coast of Africa where a passage in the Bible refers to the ships of Solomon and Hiram of Tyre trading with the people of Ophir.

And, although the name of Ophir cannot be traced in modern geography, hence our being in ignorance of its locality. While some think that it only

meant Abyssinia, others concur on the burden of evidence strongly pointing to Sofala being the old Ophir, whose mines produced the gold brought back by Solomon's ships. We hear no more of the east coast till 455 B.C. when Herodotus describes a journey

Herodotus describes a journey circumnavigating Africa made by Egyptians. Some researchers, historians, as well as writers of our history are inclined to think that such a journey was then made but there is one significant fact narrated by an ancient traveler known as Herodotus, who reckons that as they doubled what must have been the Cape of Good Hope the sun was on their right. That is to say, that the northern mariners who had always been accustomed to have the sun south of them noticed that the sun was to their north. Not enough was by then known of the movement of the sun and the shape of the globe in those days for them to be able to guess that such a state of things would exist in a very southern latitude, so it is almost certain that the fact must have been noted from practical observation.

That such a journey was possible also seems probable because from this date it was obvious to the ancients that it was possible to circumnavigate Africa. A number of expeditions started with the idea of carrying out the same journey as made by the Egyptians but, as far as we are able to discover, without success. For instance, Xerxes sent Sataspes to make this journey, and executed him because he failed to accomplish it.

Amongst other unproved journeys round Africa were those of Heraclides and of Hannon the Carthaginian.

Alexander the Great was also anxious to circumnavigate Africa, but never had the opportunity to make a start.

Thus, although the limited accounts of the East African coast left to us from this date are chiefly from European sources, it is probable that the coast was well known to the Arabs of South Arabia, the Persians, as well as the Asians, who seem to have already, as at this date, been for a long time visiting them and probably their settlements had sprung up already on some of these islands.

Remember Aristotle conceived the idea that the earth was round, an idea which was derided by many of his contemporaries? At about 200 B.C., during the reign of the Ptolemys, the bonds uniting Egypt and Abyssinia must have been very close, and it is possibly about this epoch that some Egyptian blood made its way southwards, and thus accounts for some of the non-Bantu elements in North African races, such as those north of Rudolf in parts of Southern Abyssinia.

In 47 A.D. Hippalus visited the

east coast of Africa, but nothing of real interest concerning the coast occurs until the publication of the "Periplus."

The "Periplus of the Erythraean Sea" is a manuscript written in Greek but of uncertain date, which was supposed to have been written between 77 and 210 A.D. Some attribute this work to Arrien in the reign of Trajan. It is a pilot's guide to the Indian Ocean, and although most of the places described are difficult to recognize, it is considerably more accurate in its descriptions than many contemporary works, such as those of Ptolemy and Marin of Tyre. It was probably written in Greek language, by an Alexandrian Egyptian.

The southernmost place on the coast described with any degree of accuracy by the "Periplus" is the town of Rhapta on the river of this name.

of this name. From the distances of sailings given, and other details, it is generally supposed that a town on the banks of what is at present called the Rufiji River in Tanzania is the site of the old "Rhapta." The canal described as "the new canal" is without doubt the "Mkanda" between the island of Manda and the mainland, a mangrove-lined narrow channel. The word "new" is probably used to denote that as at that date it was but recently navigated by ships; prior to this date probably they used to pass round the seaward side of Manda.

The "Isles of Pyralaon" are without doubt the islands of the Lamu Archipelago, while the "Isle of Menouthesias" is probably Zanzibar. About 150 A.D. lived that enlightened geographer Ptolemy, whose maps were extraordinarily good and accurate for that date.

The beginning of the Christian Era marked a retrograde movement in geography, and the enlightened views of such men as Aristotle and Ptolemy were knocked on the head.

Cosmas in the sixth century refuted the idea of the ancients that the world was round. This writer made a journey as far as the mouth of the Gulf of Aden, but on arrival near Guardafui he met a bad monsoon outside the gulf, so hurriedly retreated and reported that the end of the

world was close by that cape. The stagnation into which geographical knowledge and discoveries had fallen during the beginning of the Christian Era at last gave place to a new epoch. The dawn of the Muslims Era reopens East Africa to our view.

After the withdrawal of the Romans from Arabia, the Abys-sinians conquered and ruled the Yemen. In 601 A.D. Sef bin (thu) Yezin, the Hamyaritic Sultan, asked help from the Persian King Chosroes II. to deliver Yemen from the Abyssinians, and the latter were expelled after having occupied the country for seventy-two years. Once free of the Abyssinian

yoke, the Arabs set themselves again to trade with Socotra and the East African ports.

The coming of the Prophet stopped to a great extent internal strife and laid the foundations of the expansion and aggrandisement of Arabia. the Prophet's After death internal dissensions followed,

especially in the Oman and Yemen. History tells us that these internal strifes were once again largely responsible for the springing up of the East African coast kingdoms, for the defeated parties, in many cases deposed Sultans, or chiefs with their followers, emigrated to the already well-known ports of the coast, and there founded little

kingdoms. Abdul Malik, fifth Khalif of Umayyads, reigned 65 to 86 of the Hejra. His son Hamza I is reported to have carried Islamic law to East Africa.

In 89 a.d. (122 Hejra), after Zaid bin Ali. a relation of the Prophet, had been killed, his partisans the Ammu Zaid emigrated to East Africa and settled on the Banadir coast.

A few notes from Baghdad history of about this date are here interesting in that they show that a large force of black troops drawn from East Africa was in the service of the Khalifs, proving the connection existing between what is now known as Iraq and the east coast.

It is related that at the beginning of the reign of the Khalif Abu Al Abbas about 749 A.D. (132 Hejra) his brother Yahya massacred 11,000 men, women and children. Amongst the army who executed this massacre were 400 Zinjs or blacks.

In 870 or 871 A.D. (256 or 257 Hejra) the Zinjs, who formed a considerable part of the Khalifan army of Baghdad, invaded Mesopotamia, and at another time took and sacked the town of Basra.

This word "Zinj" meaning "a black" was generally used to refer to the blacks of the East African coast. Our word " Zanzibar " is derived from the Arabic " Zangibar," meaning "



the country of the blacks." It was originally used to refer to the greater part of the coast which was called the country of Zinj or Zenj, but is now restricted to the

island of Zanzibar. Zinj or Zenj, the Zingium of Cosmas and Zingis of Ptolemy, was originally the country south of the "Berbera " country as far as Sofala, roughly Juba River to Zambezi River, though different

writers assigned it different limits.

The country of "Berbera" was situated between Abyssinia and

Zenj, and so consisted of the whole of Somaliland. Masudi, perhaps one of the rst Muhammadan writers first to describe these countries, writes, about 304 Hejra, " From the country of Zenj come tusks of 150 mann (?) 2 each. These are sent to India and China," 3 thus showing trade with those

countries at that date. He himself visited the island of Kambalu, possibly the Comoros, and talks about the coast as if it

was well known down to Sofala. Masudi also says that the natives of Zenj ride cattle, both in peace and war, they are as fast as horses and are ridden with bridles. (Some of the present-day natives of the interior do occasionally ride on cattle.)

Joan de Barros, a Portuguese writer, narrating the history of the origin of Mogadishu, says that seven brothers fled from El Hasa (?) in the Persian Gulf, and came to the Banadir coast, founding the towns of Mogadishu and Barawa (Brava), the former of which became a powerful State.

Later he says that the country was governed by a body of twelve elders, the issue of these seven brothers. There are seven tribes at Brava perhaps descended from these brothers.

The Ammu Zaids referred to above, who had already taken up a position on this coast, would not submit to this new power, and so, about 880 Hejra, they retired to the interior, with the natives of which they intermarried.

Another story says that in 400 Hijra there were seven brothers, sons of Sultan Hassan. Of these, one Ali was the son of an Abyssinian slave, while his brothers were sons of a Persian

princess. He fell out with his step-brothers, and so left Hormuz in the Persian Gulf and set out for the African coast. He passed Mogadishu and Brava, at which places he found Arabs of different sects, and continued his journey till he arrived at Kilwa.

Here he bought land and fortified the place, gave it the name of Kilwa, and subsequently enlarged it by annexations, and then called himself Sultan.

Whether this story has any connection with the last is not known, but according to Kilwa records, the first Sultan was called Ali, and his successors are known.

He augmented his kingdom till it reached from Pemba to Sofala, and took the Sofala gold trade out of the hands of Mogadishu, who then had the monopoly.

Successors of Ali held the throne of Kilwa till 1500 (906 Hijra) when the Portuguese Cabral arrived at that place. Another version gives 295 Hijra

as the date of the foundation of Mogadishu, and 365 as that of Kilwa. However, long before the former date it is probable that there were settlements on the Banadir coast, but they had not assumed the proportions of a powerful State.

From now on, we get frequent mention of East Africa in the writings of Arab geographers, but where names differ it is often difficult to follow exactly what localities they refer to owing to their rather curious ideas of

geography. Most of them were convinced that there was a magnetic mountain on the coast, which attracted ships to destruction, and their efforts to make this mountain fit in with the actual line, of coast as reported by pilots leads to confusion.

Another misleading idea they

clung to was that the Nile split up, and one branch of it debouched

on the east coast. Abu Zaid Hassan reports that Alexander the Great sent Greeks to occupy Socotra. Those Greeks, who settled there subse quently, became Christians.

Idrisi, who wrote about the twelfth century, mentions the Christian inhabitants. Socotra was then a dependency of Yemen and produced, he states, aloes unequalled elsewhere.

This geographer also mentions many other places on the coast. He talks of the country of Berbera, to which belonged, he says, three dependencies. The inhabitants lived on turtle which

they call "lebeh." He also mentions Marka, Malindi and Mombasa, and a river which, from the description, must be the Webbe, stating that it passed two marches from the coast, and its banks were sown with dhura.

Berbera was at this time under the Abyssinians. The dependencies he mentions are perhaps Hafun, the Banadir, and perhaps the Juba.

Idrisi says that Malindi is a big town of Zinj at the mouth of a river (the Sabaki). The inhabitants fish and hunt leopards and other ferocious beasts. Iron mines also existed in

the neighbourhood. The King of Zinjibar lived at Manisa (perhaps error for Mombasa) and that there also were iron mines. Mogadishu, Marka and Brava were then Muslim towns, while the remaining towns consisted of infidels.

At the beginning of the thirteenth century, Yakut wrote a dictionary of places in which occurs "El-Juba town of Zenj exporting giraffe skins."

To be continued.....



INTERNATIONAL PWDS DAY 2020 FOCUSES POST COVID19



International Day of Persons with Disabilities

essential services.

other

infrastructure.

information,

and beyond.

and

immediate health and social

protection, education, digital

opportunities in order to ensure

that persons with disabilities are

not left behind in times of crisis

WHO estimates that more

than one billion people - about

15% of the world's population - experience some form of

disability. This figure is predicted

to rise given population ageing and an increase in the prevalence

of noncommunicable diseases.

While disability correlates with

disadvantage, not all people

with disabilities are equally disadvantaged. Much depends on the context in which they live,

and whether or not they have

equal access to health, education

and employment, among others.

making headway on a number of

initiatives which should further

care them in the landmark

World of post Covid19. PWDs

have garnered commitment of

participate to help governments

build comprehensive service

delivery to cushion it on post Covid19 era by developing

a strong multidisciplinary approach which will see and

speak to government to expand

financing mechanisms to cater

for social protection, enhance

health care and information systems and revitalize PWDs

ventures, all in an attempt

With PWDs now focussing and

he International Day of Persons with Disabilities (IDPD) is annually observed on 3 December to promote the full and equal participation of persons with disabilities and to take action for the inclusion of Persons with Disabilities (PWDs) in all aspects of society and development. IDPD mobilizes sup

mobilizes support for critical issues relating to the inclusion of Persons with Disabilities, promotes awareness-raising about and draws disability issues attention to the benefits of an inclusive and accessible society for all. UN agencies, civil society organizations, academic institutions and the private sector are encouraged to support IDPD by collaborating with organizations for People with Disabilities to arrange events and sponsor the occasion.

year, the International This Day of Persons with Disabilities will be commemorated throughout the world with the theme "Building Back Better: toward a disability-inclusive, accessible and sustainable post COVID-19 World".....by, for and with persons with disabilities".

People with disabilities are disproportionately affected by the health, social and economic consequences of the global COVID-19 pandemic. In this context, this year's theme emphasizes the importance of strengthening our collective efforts for universal access to **3 DECEMBER**

including

accessible

employment

socio-cultural

to meet the ever-increasing demand on services for PWDs at this crucial moment.

COVID-19 During the pandemic, isolation, disconnect, disrupted routines and diminished services have greatly impacted the lives and mental well-being of people with disabilities right around the world. Spreading awareness of invisible disabilities, as well as these potentially detrimental and not always immediately apparent impacts to mental health, is crucial as the world continues to fight against the virus.

The Covid19 setbacks on PWDs socio-economic consequences could have impact on their independence, employability, and inclusion with the COVID-19 pandemic, in the first half-year of its existence, has affected the lives of most people on Earth in one way or another. It is the first truly global pandemic in modern times and each of us has been forced to grapple with its effects, both individually and collectively. The negative societal effects COVID-19 has wrought all over the world have, in many cases, been even more profound when viewed through the lens of Persons with Disabilities and these impacts have been aggravated even further in countries dealing on meeting daily sustenance

Persons with disabilities living in poverty raged areas already deal with increased health with increased health challenges, exacerbated threats to their security (food, health, physical, social etc), and societal marginalization that negatively impacts nearly every facet of their lives. In some cases, that marginalization comes from misconceptions that disability is somehow contagious and should be shunned; more frequently, though, it is the result of the broad assumption that Persons with Disabilities must be cared for and kept in for restrictive environments their "protection" — robbing them of basic dignity and the fundamental opportunity to explore and realize their

personal potential.

With the onset of the Covid19 pandemic and its attendant social restrictions - persons with disabilities in these fragile contexts are at risk of being pushed even further to the periphery of their communities, potentially negating any progress that had been made. While there are certainly very legitimate COVID-related health concerns specific to Persons with Disabilities - particularly those with physical disabilities that affect the immune system, lung function or other related factors that can put them at higher risk for serious complications.

Persons with disabilities receive information must about infection mitigating tips, public restriction plans, and the services offered, in a diversity of accessible formats with use of accessible technologies

protective Additional measures must be taken for people with certain types of impairment

Rapid awareness raising and training of personnel involved in the response are essential All preparedness and

response plans must be inclusive of and accessible to Persons with Disabilities disability-based No

institutionalization and abandonment is acceptable

During quarantine, support services, personal assistance, physical and communication accessibility must be ensured Measures of public restrictions

must consider persons disabilities on an equal basis with others

Persons with disabilities in need of health services due to COVID19 cannot be deprioritized on the ground of their disability OPDs can and should play a key role in raising awareness

of persons with disabilities and their families. OPDs can and should play a key role in advocating for disability-inclusive response to

Wilperson Kirui PWDs policy analyst and

the COVID19 crisis.

developer

PHOTO STORY

AAR Insurance Kenya Managing Director Nixon Shigoli (right) is joined by Maryjka Beckmann of Beckmann Trust (centre) and AAR Healthcare Managing Director Mr. Charles Kariuki during a tree planting exercise at the Nairobi National Park. Over 5,000 trees were planted as part of efforts to restore the park after construction of the Standard Gauge Railway.



We visited our Njoro Girls home. I We went there with sanitizer, biscuits, sweets, juice, foodstuff, few pairs of Indian clothes, Chanya cholis and some shoes. We did Garba, Raas, Jerusalem Dance and their own cultural dance supported by Bhavika Gohil. We celebrated with them both Diwali(lit lamps) and Navratri, Ms Agnes - our Mentorship lady had a talk with them about girl issues and gave them some awareness about basic hygiene, Woman empowerment and how to be a good Human being. We spent 3 - 4 hours with them. We were honoured to have given them a reason to smile today.



Simba Corporation limited Executive Chairman Mr. Adil Popat (Left) and Mrs. Susan Omanga, the chairperson of UAP Old Mutual Faulu Foundation sign an agreement that will see the two foundations provide technical and entrepreneurship training to underprivileged youth. They are flanked by Legal Counsels Grace Mandela (second left) and Nannette Miingi. The program will see more than 70 students trained in Nairobi, Kisumu and Mombasa Counties for three years with a guaranteed paid internship during the training period.

MADAFU NEWSPAPER

Madafu Newspaper is owned and Published by Madafu Publications Limited.

P. O. Box 80518 - 80100 GPO Mombasa

Editor@madafu.biz Website: www.madafu.biz

For Advertisements, Articles, Notices, Distribution, Sales and General Inquiry you may contact the above address

Design by: Madafu Publications Team

Printed By: Nation Media Group Ltd - Nairobi

CONTRIBUTORS:

Cover Photo / Event Photos by Various, Mr. Andrew Kilonzi & Mr. Titus Musau Mr. Nabil Sansool - Madafu Website Administrator Madafu Publications Ltd. is the leading provider of event and lifestyle information in Kenya. Through our Newspaper and Website, we provide the most comprehensive and accurate information about what's happening around Kenya in sports, nightlife, music, theatre, movies, the arts, kids events and more. We also provide business listings, movie reviews and updates. To advertise with us. Email: editor@madafu.biz Madafu Publications Ltd. P. O. Box 80518 - GPO 80100, Mombasa, Kenya visit our Updated Website: www.madafu.biz

SALES. MARKETING & OPERATIONS

. Rishi Arun Parikh, Mr. Nabil Sansool, Mr. Dietmar Roselier

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EVENTS

We're committed to the modernisation of the security sector, Pres. Kenyatta

(PSCU)

resident Uhuru Kenvatta has reiterated Government commitment to the modernisation of the country's security apparatus.

The President said despite competing national interests, including the fight against including the fight against Covid-19, the Government will continue investing in equipment, technology and training to enhance the effectiveness of the police and other security agencies.

"My administration recognizes the importance of security in the realization of peace and sustainable social economic development, this is the reason I have paid particular focus on the security sector since coming into office.

understand that "We in dynamic operating а environment characterized by emerging and asymmetrical threats, investment in modern technology and cutting-edge

training is instrumental for 21st Century law enforcement," the

President said. The Head of State spoke today at the Border Police Unit (BPU) headquarters and training campus at Kanyonyo in Kitui County where he officially launched several infrastructure projects among them new lecture halls and barracks, Integrated, communicat centre and sixty staff houses. communication

He also inspected the ongoing construction of a modern hospital and flagged off a fleet of thirty five patrol vehicles donated by the US Government to beef up Kenya's anti-terrorism efforts.

Once again, the President hailed the multi-agency approach to the management of the country's security and congratulated BPU for synergising with other security and border control agencies to significantly lower incidents of cross-border insecurity.

"Going forward, our security sector will adopt greater



collaborative approaches with related agencies both within the country as well as colleagues in other nations," the President said.

On the welfare of police officers, the President said the Government continues to implement initiatives aimed at improving their working and living conditions among them the expanded medical and housing schemes.

The Head of State challenged the security sector to collaborate more with the public in the fight against crime in order to attain greater success.

"In doing so, we must also remember that community involvement is critical to mission success. Officers in the

security sector must cultivate a community-friendly image, be courteous, be approachable and be embodiments of the highest standards and ideals of *the* service," the President advised. Interior Cabinet Secretary Fred

Matiang'i thanked President for the Government's enhanced investment in the security sector. "Since you became President

in 2013, the unprecedented changes we have seen in the security of our country and the level of investment that has gone into the security sector is actually testament to your level of interest and focus in securing our people, our property and the country,' Dr Matiang'i said.

Other speakers at the event, attended by Kitui Governor Charity Ngilu, Chief of Defence Forces Gen Robert Kibochi and Interior CAS Hussein Dado among other senior Government officials, were Inspector General of Police Hilary Mutyambai and the US Regional Counter-Terrorism Coordinator Marc Jackson.



Today on 14 November, we marked the *World Diabetes Day* alongside *Diwali*. Lions Club of Menengai visited The Alms old-age home to share happiness and health. Courtesy of Mediheal Hospital, we were able to check their blood pressure, blood sugar, weight and temperature. The Hospital staff also gave them some medication and the doctor who joined us gave them some awareness about how to manage their diabetes and general nutrition. Following the theme" *Nurses: Make a difference* "set by the INTERNATIONAL DIABETES FOUNDATION(IDF), we gave the nurses and doctors bouquets of flowers and Diwali sweets. Additionally, we took flowers, sweets and food baskets for the elderly people. This activity was conducted in the presence of President Lion Rani and Lion Tania. We were glad to be able to give them validation once again. LCM brought smiles to another set of people









CHAT WITH US ON WHATSAPP *0786470007*



Old Mombasa...







LIKONI

KAG209





A mother's guide through COVID19

Ramblings of a medic-mum

Part 1

he world over it's all about coronavirus, from children to adult, it's all everyone is focused on. The news goes on and on about the same and so is almost every other social media post. This is currently our new norm, and is probably going to be for some time to come.... or? Hang on...

Then we ask, what's the hullabaloo all about?? I mean infections come and go all year round, people suffer, recover and the world moves on! Why does it feel like this Coronavirus has taken the routine from our lives awav?!

Well, it's really nice understand this, to that Coronavirus is like a King Virus (and guess what corona means yes you are right! a crown!) so it just has to live up to its name and boss about and create all this mega drama!!

So what is so royal then about this virus ... the fact that

1. There's absolutely no medical cure for it at the moment, all they doing at hospitals is trying out various meds to see which one might help. Trust me on this please

2. You spread the virus even before you develop any symptoms (and some people never develop them but yet can infect others!) Wow!

These we call super spreaders. 3. For people with weakened immune systems like those above 60, heart and kidney patients, diabetics, transplant immune-suppressed patients. patients it can actually have fatal consequences!! And sometimes even for vounger otherwise healthy people too!

Scary? Yes indeed! None of us wants to lose any of our loved ones; we really don't know how to live without them!

Coronavirus does not spare anyone! It's like this huge hungry monster that rampages whoever it comes across! Huge tiny! An oxymoron in the true sense! The virus is so so so tiny - that it like weighs - 0.85 attograms, doesn't make sense at all, something like 85/100000000000000000000

Or they say- one millionth of a trillion grams!!

And I was always taught that 5 digits after the decimal is insignificant, or is it now??

I mean really? Something we can't see? Feel? Touch? And yet it causes such mayhem?? This is indeed a point to ponder! The whole of mankind is on its knees with a virus that's invisible to the human eye!

does Coronavirus not discriminate the old or young, royals or their wards, race, color creed, anyone just absolutely anyone can be susceptible!

Part 2 Part 1

Lesson learnt- COVID19 can happen to anybody!

And that's what has worried most of the time ... how to best protect my family. With an elderly father in law, two girls and my husband at home, really was concerned that I shouldn't bring the virus home. Health workers were at high risk of contracting the virus!

Just like soldiers at war, we are at war but against an invisible enemy!! Reports of members in the medical fraternity losing the fight and succumbing to the virus were rife. As I leave for work daily, I ask myself will I be coming into contact with Coronavirus today?? Will I be bringing it home? Sincerely, there is no way of knowing this absolutely... So the simplest thing I tell

myself and you should too.... think of everything you touch and everyone you meet as a potential source of infection.

That way the social distancing will fall into place- so no handshakes and hugs, which was the norm of yesterday! And keeping at least 2 meters apart at all times. That personal space we all yearned for is now a little too big isn't it? Sometimes with the patients chair placed so far from mine, feels like am treating from a different planet. Then I tell myself - we are protecting each other, who knows I could be positive as well!

And the mask that we are kind of forced to wear?! Well for us Kenyans, unless it passes as law we don't listen to such advice and even when it's law we love breaking the rules! Rules are meant to be broken remember? Or is it? The mask debate will tackle in my next post

And yeah, frequent hand washing with soap for at-least 20 secs. I know your hands feel the same as mine do, like literally raw, as if a layer of skins has been slivered! I don't think all of last year I washed my hands as many times as I have in these last 2 months! :) And for those who can afford the liquid gold of today's times- sanitizer! Would u believe 100 mls of sanitizer is like 10 times the price of petrol? How now? These are tales will narrate to our grandchildren, if we live to tell them!

As soon as I get home, I have two angels awaiting me at the doorstep, but no one's allowed into the house without washing their hands first. The girls know all the 7 steps to hand washing and sometimes when they would stand watching eagle-eyed to observe my technique, I would miss a step (purposefully) and get admonished by a 10 year old

Oh and yes! Shoes outside the door please... no walking in with the virus into our homes.

That's what life is all about at the moment hand washing, sanitizing, masks and distancing!! Will it ever get back to normal?

Or is this the norm? And that wasn't? Only time will tell ...

Part 3

Part 2 Lesson learnt-

ashing, sanitizing, masks and distancing are the new kids on the block and they deserve attention!

hand

And oh my! Attention?? That's like an understatement! These four newly adopted kids are quite demanding, and rightly so! Had always dreamt of having half a dozen kids and now with these 4 that have joined our family seems my dreams actualizing ...

The coolest one out of them is the distancing - it just loves it's space and can be left on its own! Ĥates it when you come closer than 2 meters! The one with the highest upkeep is sanitizing, but it's twin hand washing is fairly easy going. The girls have taken to hand washing very well and give it more attention than the others! And of course, the one with most _manenos_ Masks!

Even WHO took a long time deciding whether masks should be worn or not ... well for a team of likeminded doctors we had pushed the masks agenda long before it became official! with every hot topic s always controversies there's

and conspiracy theories, but let's focus on the positives, let's choose to be optimistic :) So how do masks help? Well,

since we know that Coronavirus spreads through droplets and there are reports of the virus spreading even during normal speech, then a mask is a barrier to that spread. Remember the asymptomatic COVID positive patient? Well picture this ... if there are two people, none of them have any symptoms; however one of them is positive.

Scenario 1 - none has worn masks - the virus will freely spread from the positive to the negative, true?

Scenario 2- one has worn the mask - incidentally he is the negative one, isn't he better protected?

Scenario 3- both have worn the mask - even if the positive one is emitting the virus it's mostly being contained within his mask. So isn't the negative one better protected? I will let the reader decide

And that's why the logic, that since we really don't know who out there is positive, the best way to approach this is to make it a universal practice to don a mask when in public. It's our social responsibility to protect other people around us! And any mask is better than none! We don't need to purchase N95 or

the likes, some laymen real off FFP2 and FFP3 like it's the latest phone brands!! While medics are struggling to lay their hands on them. Let's reserve the medical masks for the doctors at the frontlines, since the world over there's a shortage of protective equipment.

Instead, put those rusty sewing skills and the time (at plenty) on hand, to use! Get scraps of material together to make a decent three-layered mask that will definitely offer more protection than no mask! Give them out to the underprivileged and do your part in curbing the pandemic! You-tubers are out there competing for the easiest and most efficient mask, why not try and out do them? Let's show them how to do it the Kenyan way! Cloths masks need to be

and dried washed before wearing them. Wear them to cover your nose and mouth, to be tucked under the chin, please remember the neck and forehead don't require the covering :) All disposable masks to be mangled up before dropping them in a closed dustbin. We don't want anyone re-using them remember!! Babies need not wear masks.

Part 4 Part 3

Lesson learnt- Masks are here to stay, we can choose to fight them or accept them gracefully.

Aaaaaand it is Eid!! The blessed month of Mercy, Ramadan is over unbelievably fast!

This will be a real short post; it's different... Just like Eid will be different

this year! I am sure Coronavirus is waiting to celebrate as well, and if it does than *we* need to

be ultra careful! So let's keep up with our social distancing measures, say no to handshakes/hugs - instead perfect the art of the *Eyvallah!* Ertugrul fans are dying to teach the rest of us :)

Some of us haven't met our beloved parents in ages! But they are vulnerable remember, and we need to protect them. Any of us could be asymptomatic carriers, right?

If you do intend to visit your loved ones, protect them please, practice the distancing and keep the visit real short! Next Eid tell them you will make up for it, In Shaa Allah.

All our four adopted kids have to be in tow at all times :) Don't leave them behind

Today, let's sit with our children and reminisce the olden, golden days of Eid, the Makadara(fun fair) stories- that ride on the local Ferris wheel, which still sends shivers down my spine, that oh so high push on the swing, that nearly jerks toy out of the seat, and Oh yes! that barafu (ice lolly) dripping down right up to the elbow! If you experienced all this, then your childhood was exactly what kids today won't ever know ...

Happy Eid folks!

Part 5 Part 4

Lesson learnt- When we party, more! Coronavirus rejoices

Over the week, I received a call from a pretty close friend asking, Listen, please tell me the truth, is this Corona thingy for real?'

I was shell shocked to say the least!! This coming from someone I know so well? An individual who is well read, educated and successful in life. So pandemic denial was very real! It rocked me that we were seeing so many people lose lives with COVID and yet there was this sect that did not believe it existed? This set the scene for a different ball game altogether.

It actually brought me to my senses that despite all the messages out there, the posters, the news people still didn't believe that COVID was real. And only when the reality of this unreality sank in, did I realize that so many people out there it means were sailing in the same boat...

Are we to blame them? Coronavirus is invisible RNA material that even scientists argue whether it should be classified under the animal kingdom or on its own (since it can't reproduce unless it's in a host).

I was just imagining had we have had lions on the rampage in our town, instead of Coronavirus how many people would have still risked their lives? And to make the analogy the lions would also have sought an easy catch (the elderly) and most likely the children would have been spared (not too meaty

anyways :)) Sometimes, I imagine this conference amongst the pathogen world (I know I have been told I have a dramatic imagination) where all the disease causing organisms catch up and share stories! And how envious the rest of them get of Coronavirus sudden fame! Can you for once even imagine?

'Hey Corona tell us, how did you become so celebrated virtually overnight?'

Malaria am sure feels the pinch, and so does Dengue, and Influenza and the rest. But it's not like they have decided to take French leave either!! All of them are very much around and we need to put in the right precautions! I know what you are thinking- when will we be able to get back to our carefree lives again? I also ponder over the same ... and then sigh! When we do get back will appreciate those moments even more, the morning dropping-off to school routine, the smile of a stranger, that tight hug, the cup of coffee and decadent dessert with a friend, the sun and fun at the beach!

Aaaaaaaah! Why didn't we appreciate them more?





Believe Mental Health Care Organization

About Believe Mental Health Care Organization

ORG. MHC is community based organization working on better mental health care and empowerment of the society. We are implementing prevention and intervention programs on mental health education and culture conversations and / projects to children, youth and women. BMHC ORG. is partnering with public benefiting organizations, government, business, individuals and institutions to improve the health and education of Uasin-gishu county community. Learn more at www. believementalhealth.com

Organizational Background

Believe Mental Health Care Organization is a registered community based organization with the department of social development in April 2019. BMHC Org was founded with the aim of promoting education and culture. Believe Mental Health Care Organization is committed to the mental health and psychological wellbeing of young people in Kenya, Uasin-Gishu County in particular in pursuit of its vision, mission and objectives of providing, creating awareness and sensitization, education and development programs to Kenyan children, young people and women through community engagements.

We are a youth and women





BMHC

structure

takes

be to facilitate efficiency and

effectiveness in our operations

principles whose aim will

organizational

cognizance

led organization implementing intervention and preventive programs, exercises, talks, campaigns and social studies on mental health and culture.



by having a clear span of accountability at every stage.

control and the need for unity of command to enhance speedy decision making while retaining

BMHC Org is a multilayered organization which is guided a board of directors. The second layer of command is the executive which is led by the CEO and has various departments lead by their respective heads. The members (form committees) and volunteers come at the last tier.

Our programs and exercises are focused on diversity and inclusion, empowerment and education at all levels of the society. With the rising concerns around mental health illness our organization has had significant growth since its inception. We have curated 2 programs; Life skills and civic engagement and Counselling and coaching.

Vision

For every member of the society to be able to stand in their strength and weakness and be proud.

Mission

Working on better mental health care and empowerment of the society.

Organization Focus -Diversity and inclusion

-Empowerment -Involving all areas of society

in mental health education

Current activity We are currently implementing a 3-year project 'Being Aware'. Being aware project is a combination of socio-economic activities being done through workshops, peer learning sessions, sharing circles, Book club and social studies. We want to teach women and girls on fundamental issues that affect their lives: women human rights, financial literacy and psychology, self-awareness, comprehensive sexuality education, gender and cultural stereotypes and bias, feminism and feminist futures, gender based violence.

It has been a historical systemic norm in my community that women/ girls come second everything: education. in career, empowerment, financial freedom and stability, research, wellbeing, exercising of their rights, even attaining social justice. Being Aware project is working to address these norms hindering the women and girl's development. With the duration of the pandemic over 2000 teenage pregnancies' have been reported with nearly 10 cases of defilement each week per subcounty. This project of ours has become a necessity for our girls and women.

Project Goals

- To increase knowledge and awareness on forms of Gender **Based Violence**

- To push for adaptive behavioral change to sensitive topics; sex, sexuality, sexual orientation, money, etc.

- To increase network of advocates of GBV and mental health within the community across all ages

- To increase access to mental health information

To increase reporting rate of GBV cases and create an effective community justice mechanism

reduce economic То inequalities and increase equal financial and economic opportunities for women/ young girls

- To foster healthier cultural practices that promote just, peaceful and inclusive societies

Achievements

- Girls and women's 2-day workshop on Self-awareness, financial literacy and women human rights.

27 women participated Kimumu Ward, 5th – 6th March 2020.

- Women and psychological wellbeing study proposal has been submitted to the wellbeing Institutional Research and Ethics Committee for approval.

'to find out the burden of mental illness on women living in slum areas in Eldoret.'

Peer learning sessions have been conducted; - child safeguarding and protection training and gender based violence with 20 participants each.

Launched a livelihood support programme on 10th October 2020 to commemorate international day of the girl theme 'my voice, our equal future.' The programme has been initiated to response to gender based violence in Uasingishu county i.e. livelihood support services and to also offer support to women's voices for a comprehensive empowerment.

A women book club has been formed, to allow for storytelling and learning from African literature. The book club has 20 participants from diverse backgrounds: Muslim community, Asian community, people living with disability and majority of other Kenyan ethnicity as we want to foster a culture of ethnic fluidity, expression and representation in our community. We are currently reading 'the secret lives of baba segis wives by Lola Shonevin to break the ground on women relationships.

LIONS CLUB OF MOMBASA PWANI

Celebrates World Service Day FRIDAY, 23RD OCTOBER 2020 **FROM 1.30P.M. AT KIBARANI GROUNDS, MOMBASA**

Y FEEDING OVER 48,000 OPLE Sponsored LION BHADRESH PEOPLE SHAH, MR. HASMUKH PATEL & MOMBASA CEMENT to a tune of kshs 10million Lions Club of Mombasa Pwani carried out its largest food distribution programme sponsored by Lion Bhadresh Shah, Mr. Hasmukh

Patel & Mombasa Cement. In his thank you address, Lion President Shaahid Sheikh thanked Lion Bhadresh Shah for bringing this historical food ration programme to the Club as part of its activities for the World

Service Day. Over 48,000 people were distributed ration packages which includes bread, maize meal, biscuits and juice to last for a week. The activity was attended by

many Lions and voluteers who assisted.

In commemoration of this event, Lion Bhadresh Shah on behalf of Mombasa Cement presented a LION SCULPTURE which will be put on display at the Lions Medical Centre in Mombasa.

PHOTO STORY

TOILET AFRICA INITIATIVE & AHADI KENYA



Toilet Africa Initiative (TAI) CEO Josphine Wacera Ngugi (2nd right) and Ahadi Kenya Trust CEO Stanley Kamau (2nd left) unveil a plague during the handing over of the new toilet block, whose construction was funded by the two organization, to Kamacharia Health Centre in Mathioya Constituency cum the distribution of assorted foodstuff and sanitizers to over 100 persons living with disabilities.



Welcomes CEMENT

Tombasa Lions Club Pwan

Ahadi Kenya Trust CEO Stanley Kamau (right) and Toilet Africa Initiative (TAI) CEO Josphine Wacera Ngugi (2nd right) presents sanitizers to Kamacharia Health Center in Mathioya Constituency Health Officer Hannah Kigwa (in specks) during the handing over of the new toilet block, whose construction was funded by the two organization cum the distribution of assorted foodstuff and sanitizers to over 100 persons living with disabilities in the area.



Ahadi Kenya Trust CEO Stanley Kamau presents new crutches to granny Agnes Wanjiku Munene from Kamacharia village during the handing over of the new toilet block, whose construction was funded by the two organization, to Kamacharia Health Centre in Mathioya Constituency cum the distribution of assorted foodstuff and sanitizers to over 100 persons living with disabilities.

O GIRLS HOME

TOP NEWS

PHOTO STORY

World Diabetes Day

oday on 14 November, we marked the *World Diabetes Day* alongside *Diwali*. Lions Club of Menengai visited The Alms L old-age home to share happiness and health. Courtesy of Mediheal Hospital, we were able to check their blood pressure, blood sugar, weight and temperature. The Hospital staff also gave them some medication and the doctor who joined us gave them some awareness about how to manage their diabetes and general nutrition. Following the theme" *Nurses: Make a difference* "set by the INTERNATIONAL DIABETES FOUNDATION(IDF) , we gave the nurses and doctors bouquets of flowers and Diwali sweets. Additionally, we took flowers, sweets and food baskets for the elderly people. This activity was conducted in the presence of President Lion Rani and Lion Tania. We were glad to be able to give them validation once again, LCM brought smiles to another set of people



Visit to Maselele Primary **School Kitui**







Wednesday 21st October 2020 Hindu Religious & Service Centre's Shantibhai Shah with his family visited Maselele Primary School in Kitui on his way back from Malindi. They were met by the Deputy Headteacher Mrs Elizabeth, BOG Chairman Mr.Francis and PTA Representative Mr. Mulwa. This is the only school left in Kitui where HRSC has a School Feeding Project, also our visit mainly was to see the ongoing Borehole Project that has been initiated by Mr. Survakant Challa Secretary of Pattni Brotherhood and committee member of Hindu Council of Kenya with the blessings of HRSC and sponsored by

Mr. Minesh Babubhai Patel (Eldoret Now U.K.)

BY AHLAM MANSUR

and psychological well being.

On a Google search you will

find that practicing gratitude

improves physical and mental

health, improves self-esteem, reduces aggression, increases empathy, improves the quality

of relationships and helps you

I can't stop being amazed at

how much just acknowledging

blessings in your life impacts things across other areas in your

Leaving the research aside,

'If you are grateful, I will surely

How I look at it? What you

now isn't that what Allah tells us

increase you [in favor]".... (14:7)

focus on appears bigger in your

sleep better at night.

life.

in Ouran:

ratitude seems to be

the buzz word when

it comes to research

related to mental health

Mrs. Parita Minesh Patel (Nairobi .. U K) Mr. Rushi Minesh Patel (UK) in gratitude of their parents

and grandparents Late Mr Babubhai Punjabhai Patel (India UK)

Late Mrs Pushpaben Babubhai Patel (Nairobi UK) Late Mr. Arvindbhai

Ranchodbhai Desai (Nairobi) and

Mrs Chandrakanta Arvindbhai Desai (India UK). This school has been experiencing water shortage

since inception and the borehole will once operational will cater for the school fraternity, parents and the surrounding communities.

minds and your life. If you focus on all the mishaps or what-could-have-beens or should-havebeens, it makes you anxious, sad, unhappy and even depressed. So much so life seems to constrict

I am grateful for

on you, choking you up. On the other hand if you start appreciating all the tiny little things which we generally tend to overlook or even take for granted, every cell in your being starts filling up with contentment. The gratitude transcends your being and you can identify The Divine mechanisms in all aspects of your life.

After all doesn't Allah also say: "Anyone who is grateful does so to the profit of his own soul...'

(31:12).Having said all this, I have a little exercise that I want you to start practicing now. I want you to actively monitor the thoughts that pass your mind.

Whenever a thought creeps up

on you about all the you-can't, could-have-beens, should-havebeens, I want you to actively shift your focus to all that's right in your life or could have been worse.

For example, you failed at something but Alhamdulillah for a lesson and a chance to try again. Your limb aches but Alhamdulillah for eyes that see, a heart that beats and a mind that thinks.

There could be 100 things that aren't working in life for you but a countless other things which you could still be grateful for.

Start doing this now and see your life change for the better In shaa Allah.

Whenever we get a chance to open our eyes in the morning is a second chance given to us to learn, grow and enhance ourselves.

Every moment of good health is a blessing which needs to be

thought of, appreciated, used well and be grateful for. Each day that we get to talk

and spend time with our loved ones is truly something to be valued always.

Gratitude makes sense of our past, brings peace to our today and creates a better vision of our tomorrow and future.

I found this quote by Philip Moffitt very interesting:

"The understanding you gain from practising gratitude frees you from being lost or identified with either negative or positive aspects of life - letting you simply meet life in each moment as it rises."

Sometimes, we let situations take away the beautiful feelings of how blessed we are to still be alive, for everything that we have and for all the troubles that we have been saved from.

Do not be so hard on yourself.

HISTORY OF INDIAN (BOLLYWOOD) CINEMA WHICH STARTED IN MOMBASA, KENYA

THE PIONEER - Late Mohanlal Kala Savani (commonly known as Samji Kala), owner of Majestic and Kenya (Queen) Cinema, Mombasa.

My dad, Ramjibhai Amarshi Raichura (RAR), who at the time used to live and had business and properties in Jinja (Uganda), built his own his Cinema in Kamuli, Uganda, in 1948, under personal supervision, named it "Raichura Picture Palace Limited" which was later named "NAZ TALKIES" (see 1997 photo) and installed two Russian film projectors. He used to get films from Samjibhai Kala who had the sole distribution rights for EastAfrica.

Narrated by :Manu Savani, one of the sons of Samjibhai Kala -

By Manu Savani

The Beginning of Mohanlal Kala Savani's Business Journey The growth of the Indian film business in the history of East Africa is also a chapter in the history of the Savani family in East Africa.

When the late Mohanlal Kala Savani (commonly known as 'Samji Kala', based on the name of his reputable trading company) disembarked in Mombasa in 1918, East Africa had a very different socio-economic environment altogether.

environment altogether. Most people had not even seen a photograph; so seeing a motion picture film was beyond their wildest imagination.

At the young age of 18, Mohanlal Kala arrived in Mombasa after an epic long journey from Porbander, India. With rudimentary education and few shillings in his pocket, he came to East Africa with an immigrant's determination and a dream to achieve success in business.

Between 1918 and 1922 he ventured into the local grain and textile trading industries, in partnership with his brothers Samji Kala and Nanji Kala who were based in Bombay (Mumbai).

(Mumbai). In 1917, before leaving India, Mohanbhai had seen the success in India of Babashaheb Phalke's silent movies. With struggles and challenges, he gradually achieved success in the textile business and by 1922 he became the first person to import films from Bombay to East Africa.

In his efforts to showcase movies, he also imported a portable hand-cranked projector.

In a rented warehouse space, he made a makeshift arrangement to exhibit films. At first, he imported a couple of films a year - silent films were usually short in length but their popularity was building up. Though Mombasa was his primary market he expanded to Zanzibar which at the time was also a lucrative market for films. He formed a liaison with traders in Zanzibar and Nairobi to form a syndicate to exhibit the imported films.

Expansion of Business – the opening of Majestic Cinema As his business expanded, Mohanbhai Kala did a successful barter of Indian film exporting with the import of Arabic language and Egyptian films from Zanzibar.

As luck would have it, in 1931 two brothers Janmohamed Hasham and Valli Hasham built a theatre in Mombasa on Salim Road (now Digo Road) and called it 'Regal'. The Regal Cinema started showing English movies and at other times rented the space for live plays and performances. Their clientele was mostly the expatriate British.

In that same fateful year of 1931, India made its first talkie film Alam Ara. Mohanbhai Kala imported it and rented show times at the newly opened Regal Cinema in Mombasa to exhibit Alam Ara.

Mohanbhai was convinced beyond any doubt that the time had come to bring his dream to reality: build a full time, easily accessible cinema in Mombasa. He was already active in building and developing properties and had a plot empty on the then bustling Princess Street, now called Nehru Road. Princess Street had shops which were thriving. Samji Kala already realized this was a prime location for showing Indian films. It was walking distance from the South Asian residential and shopping district.

Mohanbhai realized from day one that a film without a cinema was a useless investment. That prompted him to plan to build a luxury cinema. His mission was loftier than the sky. Family, friends and the local people were very doubtful of the success of such a fantasy business. But Mohanbhai was confident of the present and future potential. In 1933 Samii Kala's dream was finally realized in brick and mortar. A luxury cinema was built. It was given a royal name: MAJESTIC CINEMA. The name suited the era of the British in Kenya Colony Taking Chances and Finding Success

At the time of Majestic Cinema's opening, Mohanbhai was 32 years old. One of his friends Moti D Hira had imported a couple of New Theatres' films such as Jhoola, Kangan, Bandhan and other classics. With no experience in show business, he decided to build a 700-seat cinema which could also host live shows. The idea seemed remote but he formed a team of able and ambitious close partners.



Nalin Raichura : My dad's initials, RAR - was inscribed in the ventilators brickwork, when this photo was taken in 1997, Silver Jubilee of Expulsion of Indians in Uganda by Idi Amin. The words "NAZ TALKIES, KAMULI 1948" can also be seen in the photo.

While he took a majority interest, he invited his close friend Maganlal Sanghvi, a local lawyer, to join. Maganlal Sanghvi was skeptical on the project but had immense faith in Mohanbhai's business sense so he joined him to form Majestic Theatre Co. Ltd. and the cinema was called Majestic Cinema.

It opened with an English film Trader Horn, a film on the subject of a hunter in African jungles. The film was a big success. The Indian film which opened the cinema was Shirin Farhad, which had 18 songs! The movie was a huge hit and that set the ball rolling for Majestic and the Samji Kala group.

the Samji Kala group. Until then, the movies were still without sound and so the theatre owners made special arrangements for musicians to sit under the stage with instruments to give sound effects to the films.

Mohanbhai in Mombasa and his elder brothers Samji Kalidas and Nanjibhai Kalidas Savani now had one more enterprise. Nanjibhai started buying Indian films and Mohanbhai had a theatre in Mombasa. To this day, I wonder what prompted them to go into this unknown business!

As typical of all his trading practices, Mohanbhai Kala plot built did not gamble. The where Majestic was was а very prime location. He decided that he had the following alternative options in case if his cinema failed: If movies did not attract enough audiences, he could rent the theatre to live stage productions for plays, or nataks as they were called.

If that too failed, he would remove the chairs and use the theater as a go-down for his textile storage purposes. As time progressed Majestic became an established cinema on the Kenya coast. The owners of Majestic also became full fledge film distributors with links stretching, to start with, to Uganda and Tanganyika. Mohanbhai had a sharp business acumen – which led to rapid growth and expansion. He built a strong hold in Nairobi with local partners HR Bhatt and Pandit. In Kampala, he had existing ties with his nephews Dhanji Kala and Popatlal Kala. In Kampala, he took over a cinema called Central Cinema. In Zanzibar, he formed a syndicate with Hassanali Hameer Hasham (commonly known as Hameer Gozi), a local distributor of Arabic films. Thus, the teamwork expanded their foothold in other Tanganyika towns including Dar es Salaam, Mwanza, Tanga, Tabora, Moshi, and Arusha.

Likewise, in Kenya, the Majestic group showed their strong presence beyond Mombasa and Nairobi by expanding in Nakuru, Eldoret, Kisumu, etc. His motto was: 'Without cinemas. films were unproduction films, the likewise without films, the empty.' Thus, films were unproductive and incorporating film distribution exhibition under one umbrella made sense. Majestic grew not only in the number of films imported from India but also in the number of screens all over East Africa. Quality of films was another major success for Majestic. Mohanbhai believed in acquiring films objectively. Meaning, a film maker was as important, if not more important, than the stars.

By 1940s there already was competition in the film distribution business but the strength of Majestic lay on being both film distributor and exhibitor simultaneously. The 1940s: A Man of Vision, Mohanbhai, a man of vision, started making 'output deals' with Indian studios such as Imperial Films, Ranjit Studios, Prabhat Films Co. and V Shantaram's Raj Kamal Studios.

Unknowingly, Mohanbhai had entered a very glamorous line of business, but to him films were only commodities. He acquired rights of films extremely carefully so that his risk was minimal. A major stepping stone for Majestic/Samji Kala was the film, Kismat (1943), starring Ashok Kumar and Mumtaz Shanti. It ran for three years and eight months in Calcutta. It set new records not only in Kenya and Uganda but also in Tanganyika and Zanzibar. The acting of the young and dashing Ashok Kumar and the hit songs created a new frenzy amongst the Asian communities. In the 1940s, Majestic imported and released such landmark titles as Ratan, Dulari, Shahjahan, Dastaan and Jadoo.

Dastaan and Jadoo. In 1949, the Indian film industry ('Bollywood') had its first expensive film - Gemini's Chandralekha. The film cost 3.5 million Indian Rupees in production.

Mohanbhai took a calculated risk in acquiring rights for the whole of East Africa. Chandralekha had huge sets and the look of an epic movie. The film was a huge success all over. 1949 is also remembered for Raj Kapoor's own production: Barsaat which starred the hottest star pair of the time, Raj Kapoor and Nargis. Besides the music, the film impressed the audience with the romantic pair who were already heart throbs. Majestic had paid an exorbitant price to acquire rights of the film. Innovating in the Industry In 1951 came a relatively a small film which conquered the box office: Bhagwan's Albela.

The movie again ran for weeks all over East Africa. Being always innovative, showman Mohanbhai decided to get hand colourized prints of Albela. This again gave a boost to the film as the audience had never imagined an Indian film in colour.

Though only the songs were colourized, it was sufficient to carry the film through again. If research is ever done to find out when non-Asians and Africans got interested in watching a Bolllywood film, the answer would surely lead to Albela. It had songs and music which were a cross breed between Indian, Latin American and Middle Evatem tunce

Eastern tunes. Had subtitling been done in those days, the film would have attracted even more non-Asians to the cinemas. C Ramchandra's hit songs sent the audience into waves of hysteria like never seen before in the history of movie going in East Africa. Albela was truly an unpreceded excitement. It ran with HOUSEFUL signs outside the cinemas.

The film created for the first time a new parallel business: Ticket black marketing. Black marketing of cinema became a nuisance. tickets For a popular movie for a popular show, the ticket prices sometimes went up 10 to 15 times the actual ticket price. In spite of Police enforcement, it persisted. The black marketer discouraged family audiences from coming to the cinema.

The time came when all the theatre owners jointly decided to announce a ceiling on how many tickets one could buy. The limit was put to 10 tickets per buyer. The black marketers tried to beat the system by putting a dozen buyers in line when the box office opened for advance booking.

Thereby a cat and mouse game continued. The distributors and exhibitors jointly decided to share a film with simultaneous release of a film. Thus, a film would open at more than a single cinema. By the 1960s, films were imported and released with two or three 35mm prints. Therefore, when a film opened simultaneously in different cities, the practical solution was to 'cycle' the reels of a film from one cinema to another with one hour time gaps. Here was a classic example of theatres who were competitors jointly making money. The system worked like clockwork, mostly! The growth of cinemas boosted the business of shops near the cinemas as they catered to the cinema audience with coffee, tea, paan (beetle leaves), fast foods and soft drinks.

Leaving an Impact Mohanbhai learnt that in order to cultivate a thriving movie business, he needed to expand. He developed ties with his friend in Nairobi, Himatlal Bhatt. Bhatt was also a lawyer.

They collaborated to build a cinema in Nairobi: Green Cinema. Green Cinema had a monopolistic situation, similar to Majestic Cinema in Mombasa. Majestic was in the heart of the busy Indian neighborhood near River Road in Nairobi. Then came Uganda. In Kampala they took a cinema called Central Cinema on long term lease.

The cinema was managed y my uncles Dhanjibhai 1d Popatbhai Kala. bv and As time went by, Mohanbhai started acquiring film rights for not only Kenya or East Africa, but for the continent of Africa. By the 1950s, the Majestic and Samji Kala group were ready to venture into film financing and thereby rights. acquiring 'Overseas' overseas generally meant world rights, excluding India and Southeast Asia.

Thus, to name a few, in the 60s the films acquired were colour films like Kashmir Ki Kali (starring Shammi Kapoor and Sharmila Tagore), Himalay Ki Godmein (starring Manoj Kumar and Mala Sinha), Gumnaam (Manoj Kumar, Nanda), Sawan Ki Ghata (Manoj Kumar, Sharmila Tagore, Mumtaz), Love In Tokyo (Joy Mukkerji, Asha Parekh), Ziddi (Joy Mukherji, Asha Parekh) and many more. Cinemas Galore!

Mombasa already had REGAL, MAJESTIC and NAAZ as fully functioning cinemas, but there was a need for one more. So in 1953, an ultra-luxurious cinema was built by Samji Kala. It was known for being the only cinema north of South Africa that was fully air conditioned with Cinemascope screen and Stereophonic sound. It was named QUEENS CINEMA.

Later the name was changed to KENYA CINEMA Nairobi in the 1950s was emerging as a very lucrative market for Indian films. Majestic already had GREEN on Latema Road which was the heart of the Asian shopping area. Majestic also had the EMPIRE near New Stanley but as it was committed to a South African company for six days in a week; Indian films were exhibited there only on Sundays.

The decision was made to pull down the GREEN and purchase an empty plot next door to build a modern luxury cinema, named EMBASSY. It was opened in 1958 with fanfare and the release of V Shantaram's Do Ankhen Barah Haath. In Kampala, Majestic had a small cinema house called CENTRAL and was dependent on ODEON and NORMAN to show their films. So, a cinema

with nearly 900 seats and the latest equipment was built in the 1960s.

It was named NEETA. In Tanzania, there were sufficient cinemas except in Tanga. So, a cinema was built with the name MAJESTIC in 1957. And, the Majestic Group also acquired the PLAZA in Moshi about the same time.

To get more mileage from the films' run, many Bollywood celebrities were guests of the Majestic group when their movies were released, they included: Dilip Kumar, Yash Chopra, K Asif, Sunil Dutt, Raj Kumar and Asha Parekh. Reportedly, at the release of Waqt, the director Yash Chopra and stars Sunil Dutt and Raj Kumar were mobbed and traffic came to a standstill in Nairobi and Mombasa.

Changes in the industry By mid 1960s, the scene was changing. Kenya Film Corporation was set up under the Industrial Development Corporation (ICDC). From 1967, all film distribution was under Kenya Film Corporation (KFC). Headed by Nyoike F Njoroge, KFC canalized the distribution business. Likewise, in Tanzania, Tanzania Film Corporation came on the scene. Majestic 66

Most people had not even seen a photograph; so seeing a motion picture film was beyond their wildest imagination.

became a major supplier to both due to their old library and new acquisitions.

Growing ambitions and Establishing a Legacy With the change in distribution landscape in Kenya and Tanzania, Mohanbhai in the meanwhile was expanding into other enterprises including real estate development, industries such as blanket and towel manufacturing, imports of textiles from the Far East, import of sundries, and export of cotton. He had groomed his six sons to continue the film distribution and exhibition business on their own.

His nephew in India Maganbhai, continued to acquire films. His sons Shanti, operated from Embassy Cinema in Nairobi, Chuni from Majestic and Raman from Kenya Cinema. Dhiru moved to the UK to independently pioneer the business there, Suryakant was based in Bahrain and I moved to New York to start movie distribution independently. All having been groomed by the family patriarch, the late Mohanbhai, to continue his legacy.

In Conclusion in 1923, the Savanis started with the Majestic Cinema in Mombasa, Kenya; and the distribution and exhibition of silent Hindi films. They went on to acquire Hollywood films along with Italian spaghetti westerns and Hong Kong martial arts films and owned a string of cinema houses in East Africa.

However by the 1980s there was a change in the local entertainment climate.

This was due to the rampant video and internet piracy, declining South Asian population and competition from other ancillary medias. The Savani brothers then wound up the theatre business but continued to distribute films. I am now resident in the USA and still occasionally acquire some Indian film rights and distribute the films.

PLANS A FOOT TO LINK KENYAN EXPORT PRODUCTS TO WRC SAFARI RALLY



FIA President Jean Todt and Safari Rally Project CEO Phineas Kimathi.

Plans are afoot to link the marketing of Kenyan products to the fabled Safari Rally which returns to the FIA World Rally Championship (WRC) calendar for the umpteenth time next year.

WRC Safari Chief Executive Officer Phineas Kimathi said his Project is exploring ways and means of ensuring that the country "has real gains accruing as a result of hosting a WRC event."

Coffee and sports tourism are some of the products the country will be cashing in on when the emblematic global series returns to Kenva next year.

"One of those things I'm trying to work on-because I have gotten the blessings of the necessary government arms- is to link coffee marketing to the Safari brand, to link tourism, hotel bookings, and game reserve excursions to the actual event. We have an opportunity to exhibit our products in all the WRC European events (eight events) because we are now part of that network. So, if we can go outside there and start selling our coffee along our Safari, and our Masai Mara and we can come back and say having gone to Portugal we are now going to get up to 10,000 or so tourists who will have directly booked as a result of visiting the Safari stand," said Kimathi.

Coffee is one of the major cash crops in Kenya while wildlife safaris have been the top tourist attractions in Kenya for decades while other activities include trekking Mount Kenya, ballooning over the Masai Mara and snorkeling in Malindi on the Indian Ocean coast.

Tourism in Kenya is a source of foreign exchange and income for the government. This helps reduce dependence on other sectors such as agriculture, which are subject to weather and market conditions that can often be unpredictable.

Safari Rally Kenya returned to the FIA World Rally Championship (WRC) series last year after an 18 year hiatus but the iconic event was postponed to 2021 due to the global outbreak of Coronavirus pandemic.

The 2021 WRC Safari Rally, slated for June 24-27, is expected to pump a whopping KES. 6 billion into the Kenyan economy through hotel occupancy by foreign teams and spectators, the transport industry and direct purchase of local products like fuel, foodstuffs and so much more.

What's more, the country's tourism industry is set to benefit immensely from WRC's cumulative global TV audience which totals to over 800million viewers, who include on-site spectators, online video views through social media platforms like Twitter, Instagram, Facebook and YouTube. Over the first seven years,

Over the first seven years, the WRC has enjoyed a sound growth trend in popularity from fans. With new TV technology, the WRC is growing it's broadcast hours and TV audience year on year.

"First and foremost, when you run a country you look at several dynamics. And this is where a government is not very well understood. For starters, vou look at any economic gain of any undertaking that you do. When a road is built, you are actually spurring economic growth. When you run an event like a WRC, you are spurring economic growth. When you are talking about economic growth, we are straight away going to an area like tourism. And not just tourism-my Project is exploring ways of ensuring that we have real gains accruing as a result of hosting a WRC event."

Kimathi added that the WRC Project continues to savour close relationship with Kenya Wildlife Service (KWS), the Sports Ministry and the Ministry of Tourism.

"I'm happy that the honorable Najib Balala is a great follower of exactly what we are doing. He understands the dynamics of selling the country as a tourist destination and he is personally following and encouraging us to have this joint venture through Magical Kenya."

Kimathi also added that the support the Government of Kenya has accorded WRC Safari Rally is significantly immense. Kimathi added: "The Patron of

this event is His Excellency the President (Uhuru Kenyatta) is personally briefed regularly on exactly what we are doing. We are domiciled at the Ministry of Sports, Culture and Heritage; and under the stewardship of CS Ambassador Amina Mohamed and the PS Joe Okudo. I think I can't ask for better support and I must probably be one of those who can stand up and say I have gotten adequate support and they continued monitoring exactly what we are doing on a weekly basis, thought detailed reports. You must have seen, for example, when we started the process of laying the tarmac on our service park, our CS Amb Amina was personally present and actually driving one of the dozers- there can't be any better support.

Kimathi noted that the Service Park in Naivasha "is going to be something extraordinary".

'We are actually calling it a Service Park for now but eventually, it will be transformed into a Motorsport Centre. Once it becomes a motor sports centre, then the Federation will be able to start sports like drifting, slalom, Gymkhana and drag racing.

Kenya is also hoping to plant 18 million trees across the Safari Rally route to celebrate the years the event has been out of the FIA series.







Mondays Sixty Four Lounge Uprising Reggae Mondays with DJ Moh | DJ Martoh | DJ Josh Googler | Telli Ranks | MC Willy | MC Jushman | MC Jahwatchy | Chege Blnkeye Tuesdays Taurus Lounge Rhumba High Definition with DJ Morgan | DJ Works (Radio Masha) | MC Pdg Nico **Benelix Lounge** Tuesday Groove with DJ Riff 254 **Wednesdays** Lavaranda Lounge One Love Reggae Wednesday with Ivan The DJ The TAV Irish Pub & Eatery Wednesdays Rocks with Edygrim The DJ iweke Tavern Midweek Reggae Party Thursdays K1 Klubhouse One Love Thursday with Kriss Darlin

Airport Lounge Throw Back Thursdays with Phat Frakus

Muze Club Amapiano Thursdays Fridays

Carnivore

After Work Fridays - Whiskey & Grill Saturdays

Bahama Breeze Brunch Booze & Beats with ZJ Heno | DJ Hanif Sundays lu Spaxx Lounge Ital Jamdown Reggae Sundays with

Selecta Syl | MC Vosty

28 | 10 to 18 | 11

Circle Art Gallery 'Waiting, Watching & Wishing' Boniface Maina's Solo Exhibition 31 | 10 to 31 | 12 **Red Hill Art Gallerv** Group Exhibition: Faces by Franklyn Dzingai, Charles Sekano, Richard Kimathi, El Tayeb Dawalbeit, 31 | 10 to 31 | 11 **One Off Contemporary Art Gallery** Then and Now: An Exhibition of Selected Works from the EAVAT (formally RaMoMA) Collection



7TH NOVEMBER 2020 11AM - 5PM



BOOK PARTY Saturday 07 | 11

iKigai, Westlands The Havoc of Choice: A Book Party!

Wednesdavs Whiskey River Lounge Wednesday Live Sessions with The Untamed Band | DJ Emprik Blackyz Lounge Rhumba Du Congo Thursdays **Craic Lounge** Gogosimo Band Live Lounge 254 Rhumba Thursdays with TBM Band Dagoz The Artist Bar & Venue The Dagojam Fridays Mawimbi Seafood Restaurant The Live Experience with Gogosimo Band Mama Ashanti Live Band **Airport Lounge** Rhumba Saturdays with TBM Band Fahari Point Kanda King Live Sundays K1 Clubhouse The Untamed Band 3 to pm **Dagoz The Artist Bar & Venue** The Dagojam Saturday 12 | 12

Carnivore Grounds Koffi Olomide Live in Nairobi: Légende Tou



04 to 06 | 11 Kenyatta International Convention Centre (KICC) International Construction Research Conference and Exhibition 05 to 08 | 11 Virtual Location www.comecon.africa Com- eCon 2020 18 to 20 | 11 Sarit Centre 22nd Indusmach Kenya 2020 18 to 20 | 11 Sarit Centre 23rd PPPexpo Kenya 2020 18 to 20 | 11 Sarit Centre Fashexpo - Africa Fashion Expo 18 to 20 | 11 Sarit Centre 23rd Kenya International Trade Exhibition



Saturday 12| 12 Arboretum Gardens Self-Care In The Dark Festival



MARKE

Saturdays K1 Klubhouse

K1 Farmers' Market

Saturdays until 28 | 11 Kenva Society for the Protection &

Care of Animals (KSPCA) Organic Farmers Market 9 am to Daily

Bicam Gardens Bicam Market 9 a Saturday 07 | 11 Tamambo Karen Blixen Tamambo's Wine Market



Carnivore Car Boot Sale Carnivore Car Boot Sale 9 am to 3 pm

All events without warranty!

PHOTO STORY

Food distribution in schools







Today, on 28th November, with the partnership of Giant group of Nairobi Twiga n SVVM ,LCM was able to do some food donations at St.Paul School in Bondeni Nakuru where children from the slums study. We donated some Food stuff(e.g. rice and flour,oil,salt), Masks,toothpastes Sanitizers, Books, Sanitary Material, Sweets, and Biscuits. Additionally, we noticed that most children are only getting meals from school and no other, so we started a feeding program for them to have enough food to keep them healthy and happy. Once again LCM brought smiles to a new set of faces.

Launching of 16days GBV n child rights in Nakuru







Today on 25th of November, Lion club of menengai commemorated the *International Children's Day* and Children rights GBV activism for 16 days. LCM, joining hands with various different organizations like Giant group of Nairobi Twiga, Cees foundation. Event took place at Hyrax hill museum Nakuru in the presence of county government . was able to serve 300 kids. We were able to help 200 girls with Dignity packs - which contain Sanitary Material, Panty and Soap. Additionally, we gave 100 boys some of their own packs, containing: Tooth paste, Soap and Boxers. We gave the kids some refreshments and saw them dance and sing with happiness. Once again, LCM brought smiles to a new set of people

The most air mile flown passager visists Leopards beach hotel



The Guinness book records holder of the most air travelled Man in the world Mr. Fred Finn [left] from UK plants a tree on arrival at Leopards Beach resort in Mombasa south to mark his 600 times visit in the country. Mr. Finn has visited over 150 countries in world. Looking on is the Hotels GM Mr. Kioko Musyoki [second left] and other senior Managers.











ABSOBER

WATER

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